

## Two New Species of Axonopsinae (Hydrachnellae, Acari) from Japan<sup>1,2)</sup>

By

**Taiji IMAMURA**

Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Ibaraki University,  
Mito, Ibaraki 310, Japan

### Synopsis

IMAMURA, Taiji (Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Ibaraki University): Two new species of Axonopsinae (Hydrachnellae, Acari) from Japan. *Acta arachnol.*, **27** (Special number): 109–113 (1977).

Two new species of the interstitial water mites, *Axonopsis (Brachypodopsis) kasamensis* n. sp. from Ibaraki-ken and *Lethaxona morimotoi* n. sp. from Hyôgo-ken are described.

Sixty-eight species of the interstitial water mites have hitherto been reported from Japan. In this time, two more new species were found among the author's collection as below:

Axonopsinae VIETS, 1929

1. *Axonopsis (Brachypodopsis) kasamensis* n. sp.
2. *Lethaxona morimotoi* n. sp.

The descriptions of the new species are given in the following.

The type-specimens consulted in this paper are all deposited in the collection of the Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Ibaraki University, Mito.

### 1. *Axonopsis (Brachypodopsis) kasamensis* n. sp.<sup>3)</sup>

(Fig. 1)

*Female* (Holotype, Prep. No. 1658). Body elliptical in outline, dorso-ventrally flattened, measured 410  $\mu$  long, excluding epimera, and 320  $\mu$  wide. Margin of body

- 1) This paper is dedicated to Professor Takeo YAGINUMA, Biological Laboratory, Ohtemon-Gakuin University, Osaka, in honor of his sixtieth birthday, February 2, 1976.
- 2) Contribution No. 42 from the Itako Hydrobiological Station, Ibaraki University.
- 3) The new species was named in accordance with the locality where the specimen was captured.

Table 1

	I	II	III	IV	V
Extensor surface	27	42	21	57	24
Height	15	30	18	21	9

finely zigzagged. Anterior margin almost straight. Antero-lateral corners somewhat roundly swelled (Fig. 1, a). Eyes small and the interval between them is  $150\ \mu$ . Dorsal grooves distinct. Four pairs of glandularia on dorsal shield.

Maxillary organ  $63\ \mu$  long. Palps short and rather thick. P-IV much bowed out on the flexor margin, bearing two moderately stout spines (Fig. 1, c). P-V short and small. Palpal segments measured as shown in Table 1, in  $\mu$ :

Mandibles  $75\ \mu$  long, including a claw. Maxillary socket  $88\ \mu$  long and  $48\ \mu$  wide at the entrance. Anterior coxae relatively broad and protruded beyond the anterior body margin. Legs with some spines but no particular bristles, measuring the

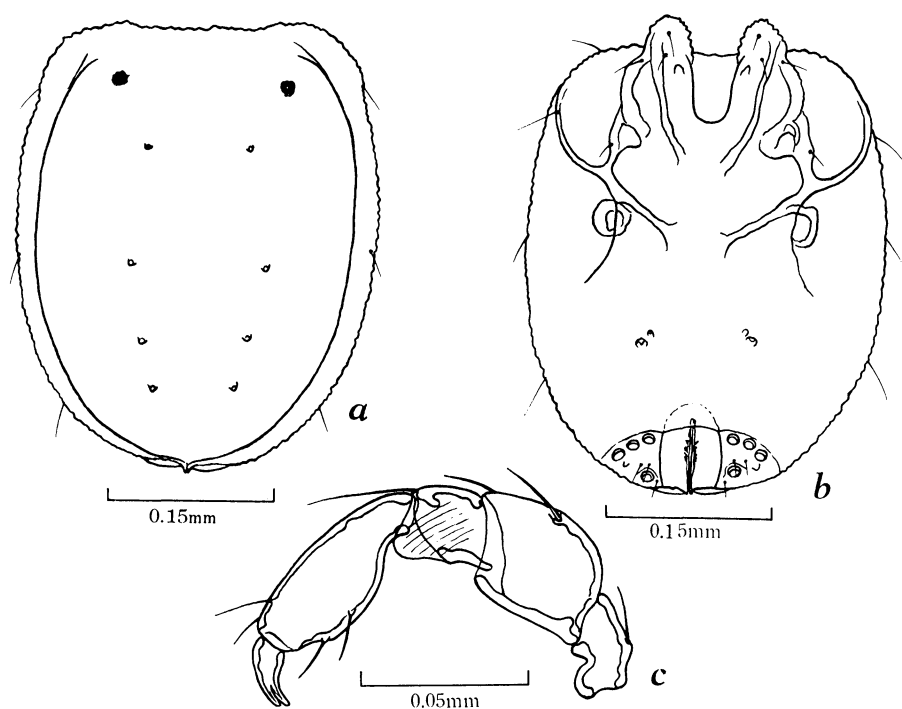


Fig. 1. *Axopnopsis* (*Brachyposopsis*) *kasamensis* n. sp., female:  
a, dorsum; b, venter; c, palp.

length in  $\mu$ : L-I, 270; L-II, 310; L-III, 285; L-IV, 400. Genital acetabula in four pairs, arranging as shown in Fig. 1, b. Gonopore located at the posterior most of venter, measuring  $64 \mu$  long and  $52 \mu$  wide. Excretory pore opening on the posterior body margin. Body light yellow in color in the preservative.

*Type-locality.* One female was collected by the author in the interstitial water (wat. temp.,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; pH, 6.4) in the River Hinuma at Kasama, Ibaraki-ken on Aug. 22, 1965.

*Remarks.* Though this new species resembles *Axonopsis coerulea* (PIERSIG, 1906) from Thailand and the Japanese species *A. yokotai* IMAMURA, 1957 from Kôchi-ken, it is different from them by the features of palp, especially in the fourth segments, and of the arrangement of the genital acetabula. The male is not yet found.

## 2. *Lethaxona morimotoi* n. sp.<sup>1)</sup>

(Fig. 2)

*Female* (Holotype, Prep. No. 1556). Body oval in contour,  $268 \mu$  long and  $208 \mu$  wide. Eyes reduced. Dorsal main shield and coxal plates all covered with hexagonal pattern and granulated appearance. Dorsal main shield measured  $228 \mu$  long and  $162 \mu$  wide, and with two pairs of glandularia on it. Nine pairs of marginal plates surround the main one.

Maxillary organ  $40 \mu$  long and  $32 \mu$  wide. Mandibles  $32 \mu$  high and  $60 \mu$  long, including a claw. P-IV relatively short. Palpal segments measured as shown in Table 2, in  $\mu$ .

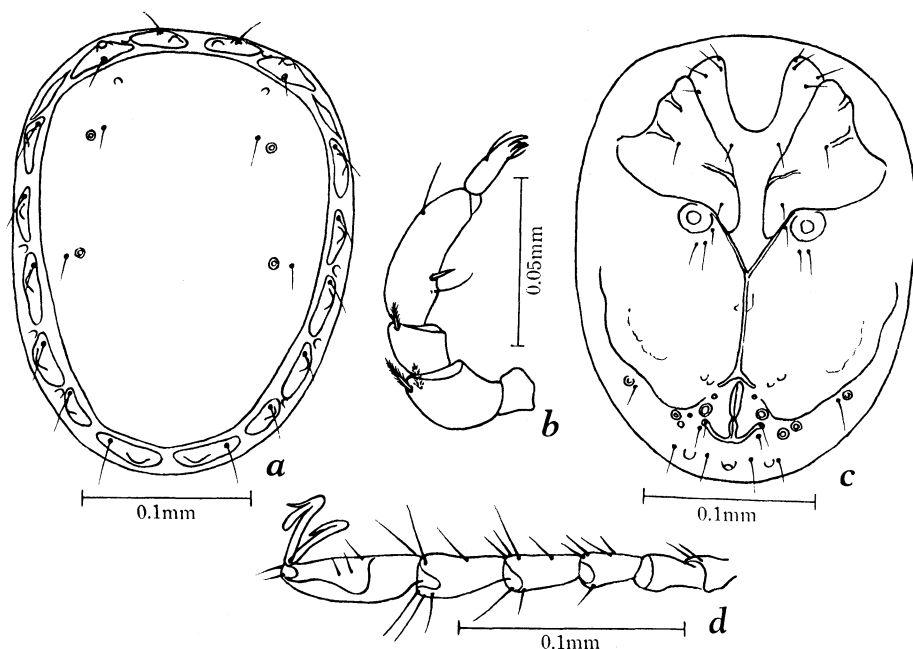
Ventral shield as shown in Fig. 2, c. Maxillary socket  $44 \mu$  long and  $32 \mu$  wide at the entrance. Legs measured in  $\mu$ : L-I, 198; L-II, 180; L-III, 204; L-IV, 261. Right first leg as shown in Fig. 2, d. Gonopore  $36 \mu$  long. Body almost colorless in the preservative.

*Type-locality.* One female was collected by Y. MORIMOTO on Aug. 26, 1956 in a well (wat. temp.,  $20.6^{\circ}\text{C}$  and pH, 6.0 by Mr. Y. MORIMOTO) at Wadayama-chô, Asago-gun, Hyôgo-ken.

Table 2

	I	II	III	IV	V
Extensor surface	15	30	15	42	22
Height	13	19	15	15	6

1) This new species has been named in honour of Mr. Y. MORIMOTO who collected the specimen.



**Fig. 2.** *Lethaxona morimotoi* n. sp., female: a, dorsum; b, palp; c, venter; d, right first leg.

*Remarks.* This new species resembles most *L. mikawaensis* IMAMURA, 1957 from Mikawa-mura, Hyôgo-ken, but the body is more slender and the fourth segment of palps is relatively shorter than that of *mikawaensis*. Though this new species also resembles Hungarian species *L. cavifrons* SZALAY, 1943 and Yugoslav species *L. pygmaea* VIETS, 1932, it is distinguished from those two species by the shapes of dorsal shields and by the location of spines on the flexor surface of P-IV. The decision of the subgeneric name of this new species should be deferred until the male is found.

### Acknowledgement

The writer wishes herewith to express his hearty gratitude to Mr. *Yoshinobu* MORIMOTO, Himeji Municipal High School, who collected a part of the specimens consulted in this paper, and put it at the author's disposal for research.

### References

- IMAMURA, T. 1957. Subterranean water-mites of the middle and southern Japan. *Arch. f. Hydrobiol.*, **53**: 350-391.
- PIERSIG, R. 1906. Über Süßwasser-Acarinen von Hinterindien, Sumatra, Java und den Sandwich-Inseln. (Reise von Dr. Walter Volz). *Zool. Jbch. Syst. Biol.*, **23**: 321-394.
- SZALAY, L. 1943. Eine neue Art aus der Gattung *Lethaxona* VIETS (Hydrachnellae, Acari). *Fol. Ent. Hung.*, **8**: 61-67.
- VIETS, K. 1932. Dritte Mitteilung über Wassermilben aus unterirdischen Gewässer. *Zool. Anz.*, **100**: 292-299.

### 摘 要

今村泰二 (茨城大学理学部生物学教室, 〒310 茨城県水戸市文京2-1-1): 日本からの Axonopsinae 亜科 (ミズダニ類) の 2 新種.

1. 地下水生ミズダニ類の次の 2 新種について記載した.
2. *Axonopsis (Brachypodopsis) kasamensis* n. sp. は茨城県笠間の濁沼川の砂間隙水中から雌 1 個体が採れたもので, 体長 410  $\mu$  である.
3. *Lethaxona morimotoi* n. sp. は兵庫県朝来郡和田山町の井戸から雌 1 個体が森本義信氏によって採集されたもので, 体長 268  $\mu$  である. 雄が採れていないため, 亜属名の決定はできない.